

NOAA's Colorado Basin River Forecast Center

Calibration Update

Craig Peterson
Senior Hydrometeorologist

2016 Stakeholder Open House



2016 Calibration Update

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- Add 5 years to calibration record (2011-2015)
 - NOT updating official averages
 - Upper Colorado River Basin will be ready for WY2017 water supply season
- Identify any gage issues
 - Double mass analysis
 - Corrections applied if necessary
- Make note of poor model performance in the 2011-2015 period
 - to be addressed in 2017



2016 Calibration Update

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- Analysis of 30 year vs. 35 year averages so far:
 - San Juan, Gunnison, Dolores
 - Drier Winters
 - Little change in Spring
 - Early season water supply forecasts will probably be about 5% lower
 - Upper Green, Yampa, Upper Colorado mainstem
 - Little difference between 30 and 35 year averages



2017 Re-Calibration Plans

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- Use GIS to help determine SNOW-17 parameters more consistently:
 - PRISM precipitation averages
 - Precipitation adjustments (PXADJ): function of Evergreen forest (through interception and sublimation)
 - Melt Factor (MFMAX): function of vegetation type, leaf area index (LAI) and aspect
 - Mean SWE above which there is 100% cover (SI): determined by variation in aspect/elevation
 - Minor parameters: fix with typical values



2017 Re-Calibration Plans

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- SAC-SMA (soil moisture model) Improvements:
 - Resolve evaporation issues above treeline (low LAI)
 - Too much moisture loss in consecutive dry years
 - Decrease tension water (LZTWC) to reduce evaporation
 - Investigate evaporation in areas of large LAI
 - Expectation of larger evaporation than we currently model
 - Seasonal coniferous forest demand
 - Climate modeling issues
 - Utilize GIS to improve soil moisture parameters
 - Generate more consistent unit hydrographs
 - Correct basin and area sizes



2017 Re-Calibration Plans

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- Plan for a transition from lumped to gridded hydrology:
 - Calculate 30 years of 3 hourly temperature and precipitation on 800m grid → calculate MAT/ MAP directly from these grids (for Upper Basin)
 - Investigate using similar method for Lower Basin
 - This would ensure consistent forcings for lumped and gridded techniques

