

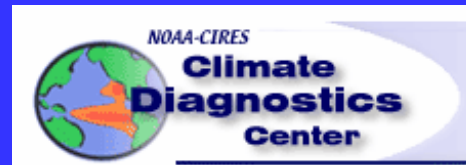
HIC INNOVATION MEETING
Part I – MRF/ESP PROJECT

October 27-28, 2003
Kansas City, MO

By
Dave Brandon / CBRFC

CBRFC AHPS PROJECT

A cooperative effort between:



Goals

Introduce probabilistic 14 day meteorological forecasts (ensembles) into a river forecast system.

Capture and display the uncertainty.

Verify the process.

Method

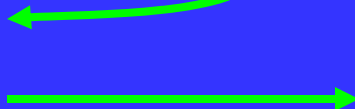
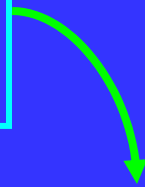
Medium Range
Forecast Model

Downscale to
Model Variables

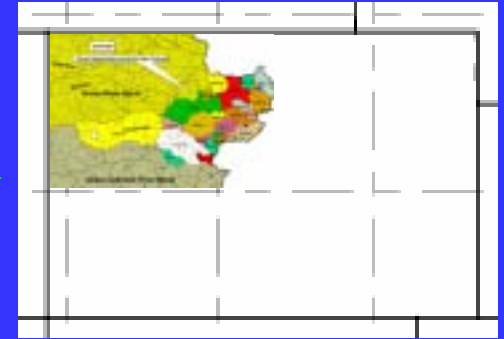
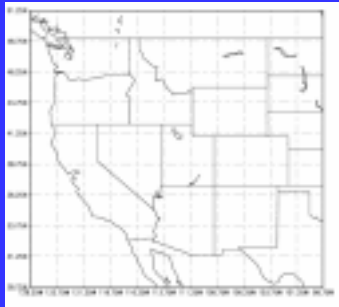
Mean Areal Temperature
and Precipitation
Ensembles

ESP Model

Probabilistic River
Forecasts



Downscaling



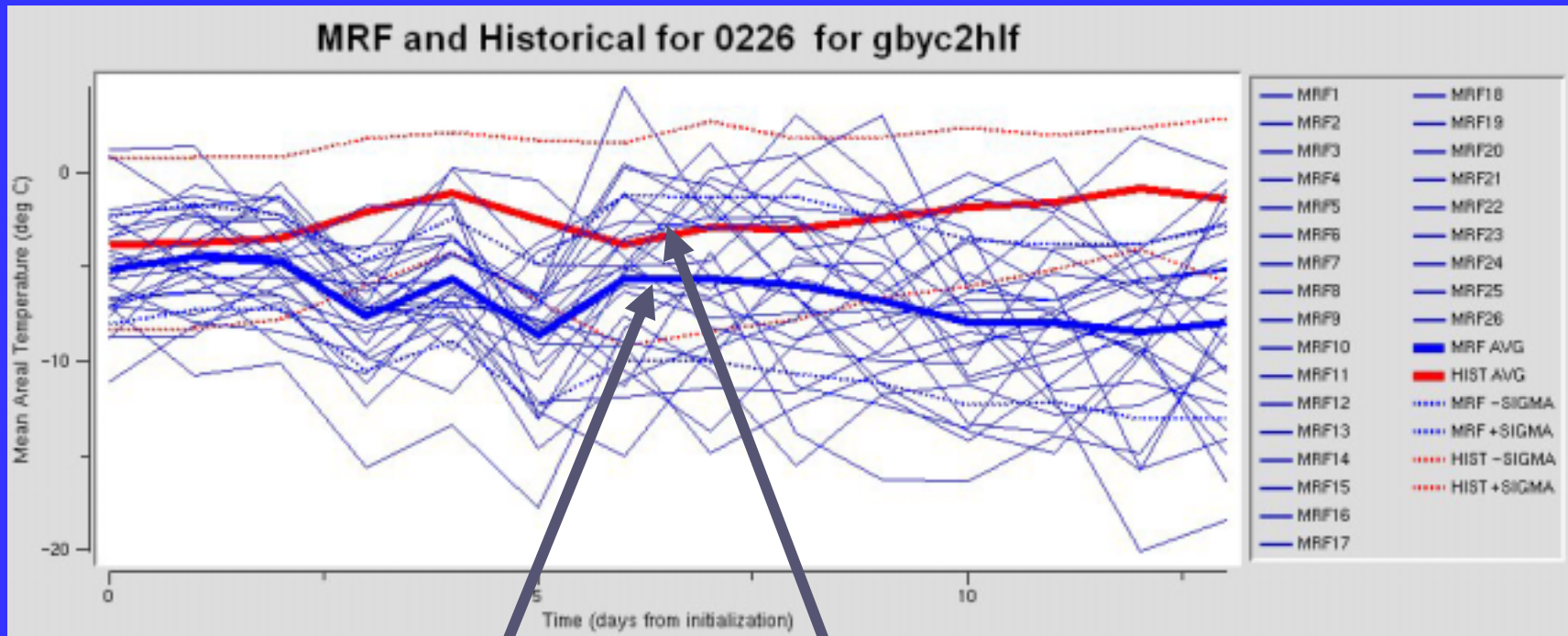
MRF Variables:

- 2m air temp
- Precipitation
- 700mb Relative Humidity
- Sea Level Pressure
- 10m Vector Wind
- Total Column Precipitable Water

Basin Scale Variables:

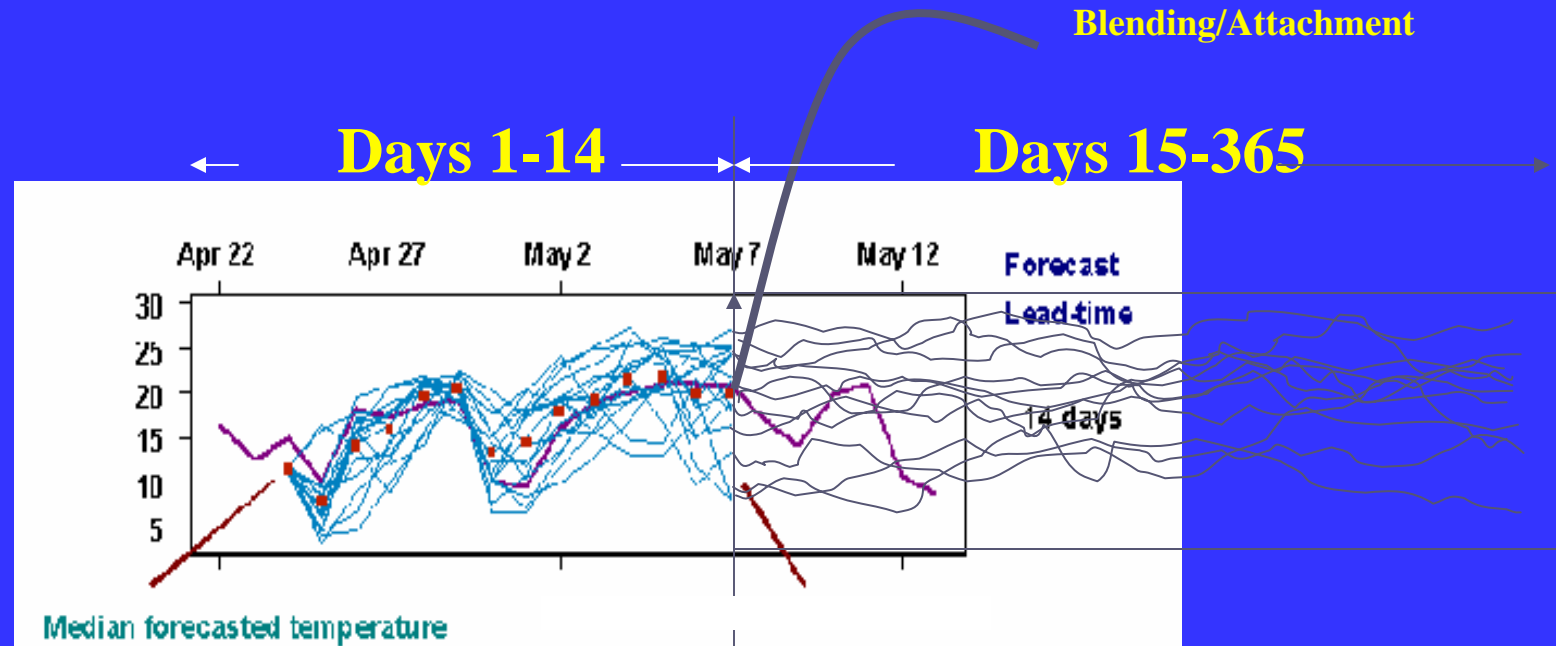
- Mean Areal Temperature
- Mean Areal Precipitation

Downscaling Results



MRF is colder than normal in this case.

Schematic of Using Ensembles from MRF (day 1-14) As Input to ESP



Ensembles From
The 'Frozen' MRF

Ensembles From
Historical Data

ESP Example

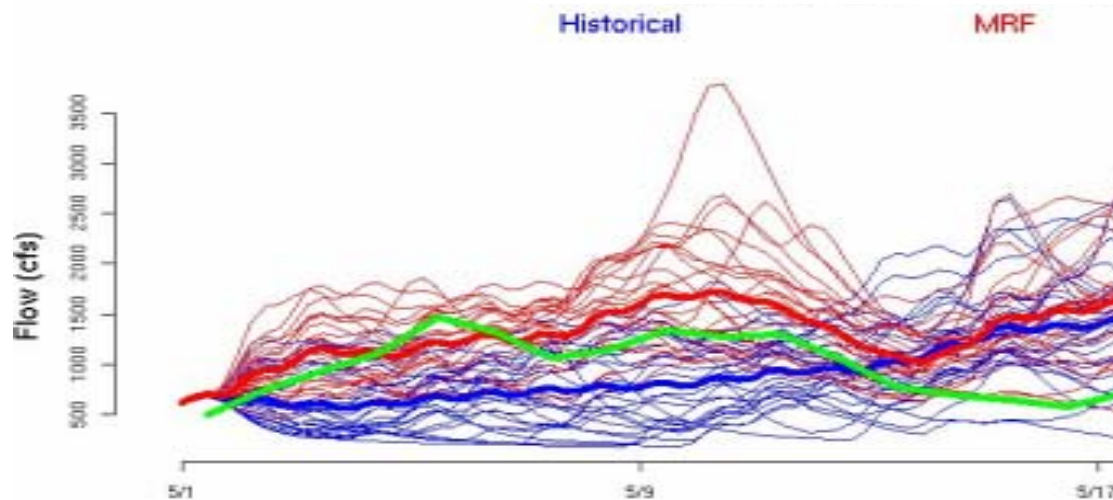
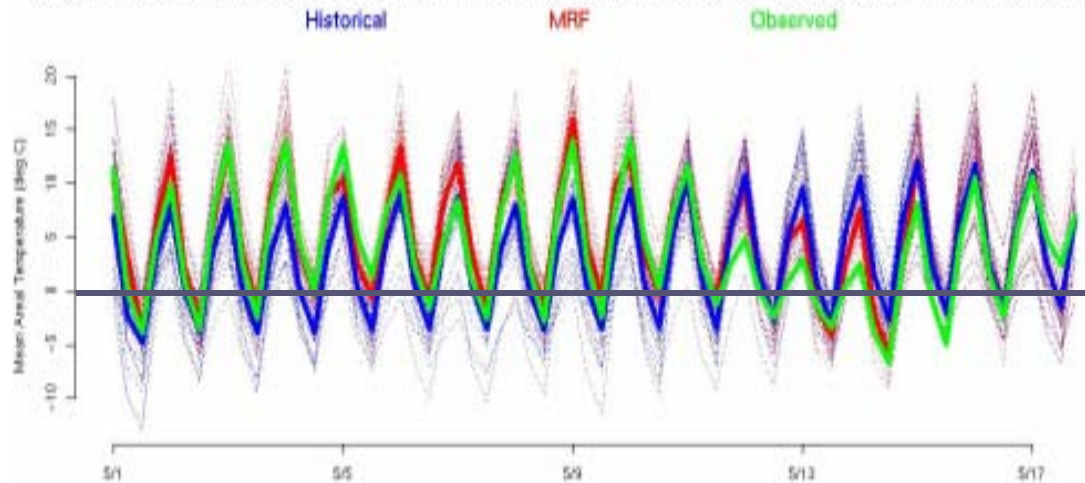
Probabilistic forecast (or model) verification requires a large dataset. This is accomplished through reforecasting.

Reforecasts done for every basin for every day between 1979 – 1999.

Reforecasts made with both reforecasted MRF and historical MAT/MAPs.

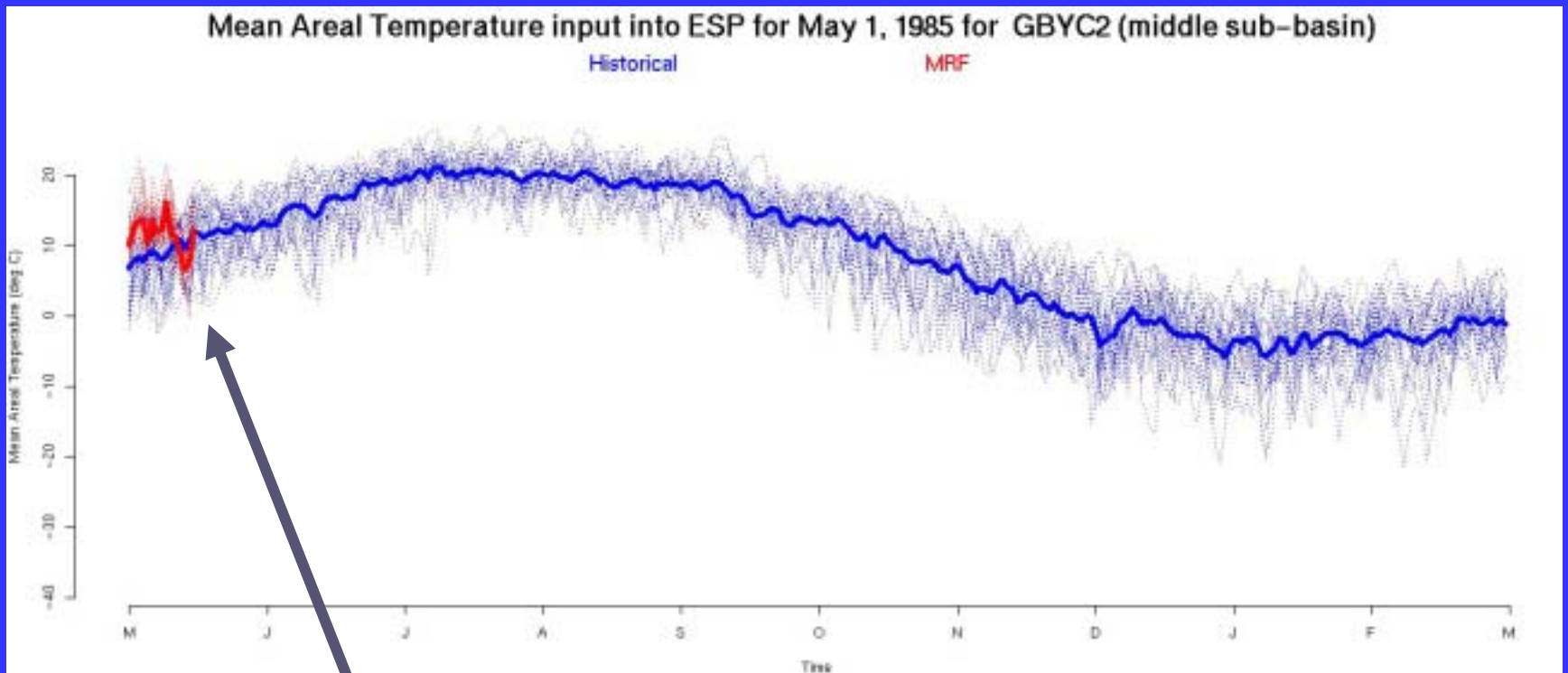
Following example from Granby, CO (GBYC2) reforecast for May 1, 1985.

Mean Areal Temperature input into ESP for May 1, 1985 for GBYC2 (middle sub-basin)



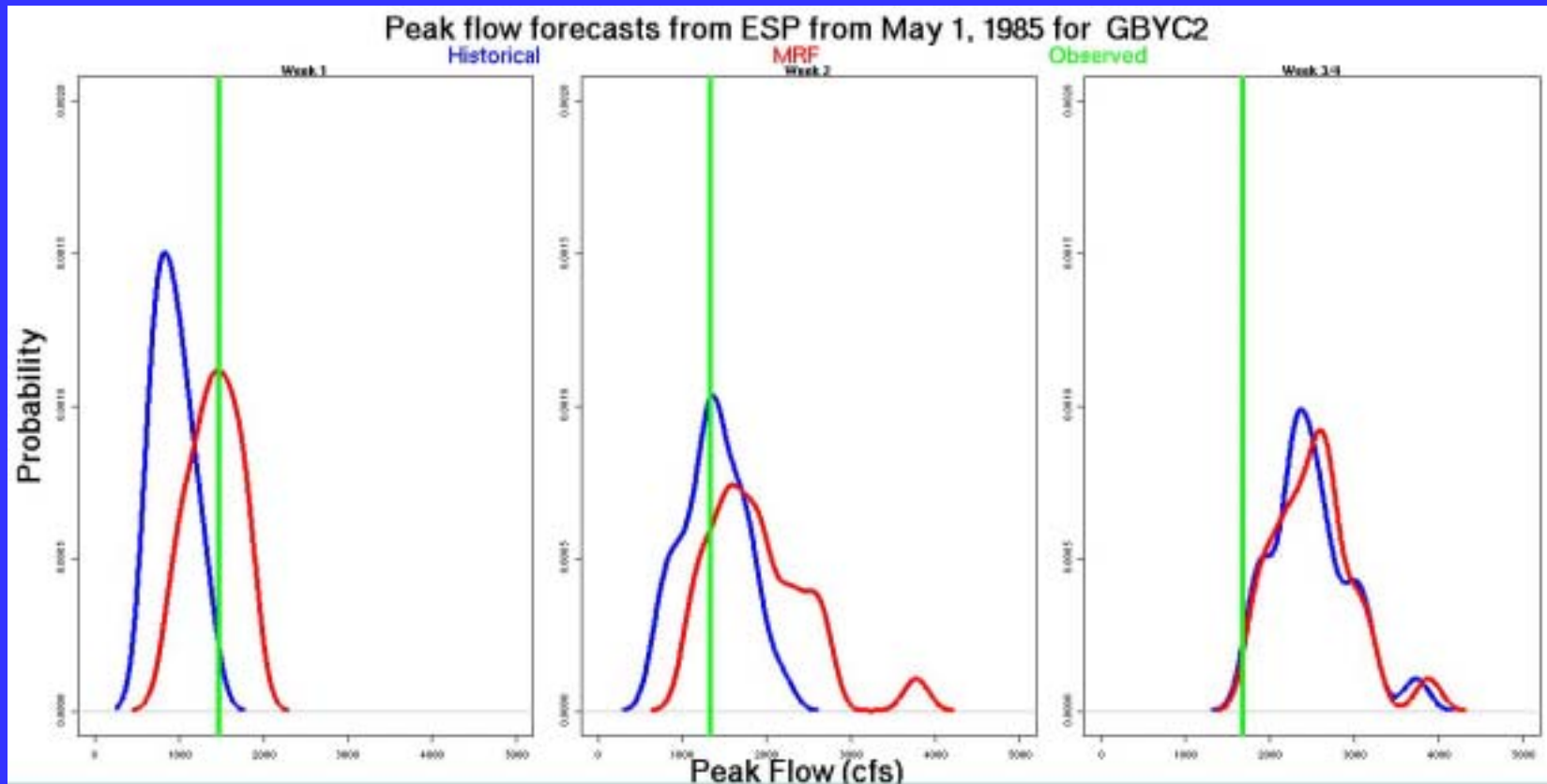
Hourly instantaneous flow ensembles are created by ESP and saved. MRF shows higher flows than historical when it is warmer (during the first week). These may be converted into probabilistic forecasts...

Input into ESP



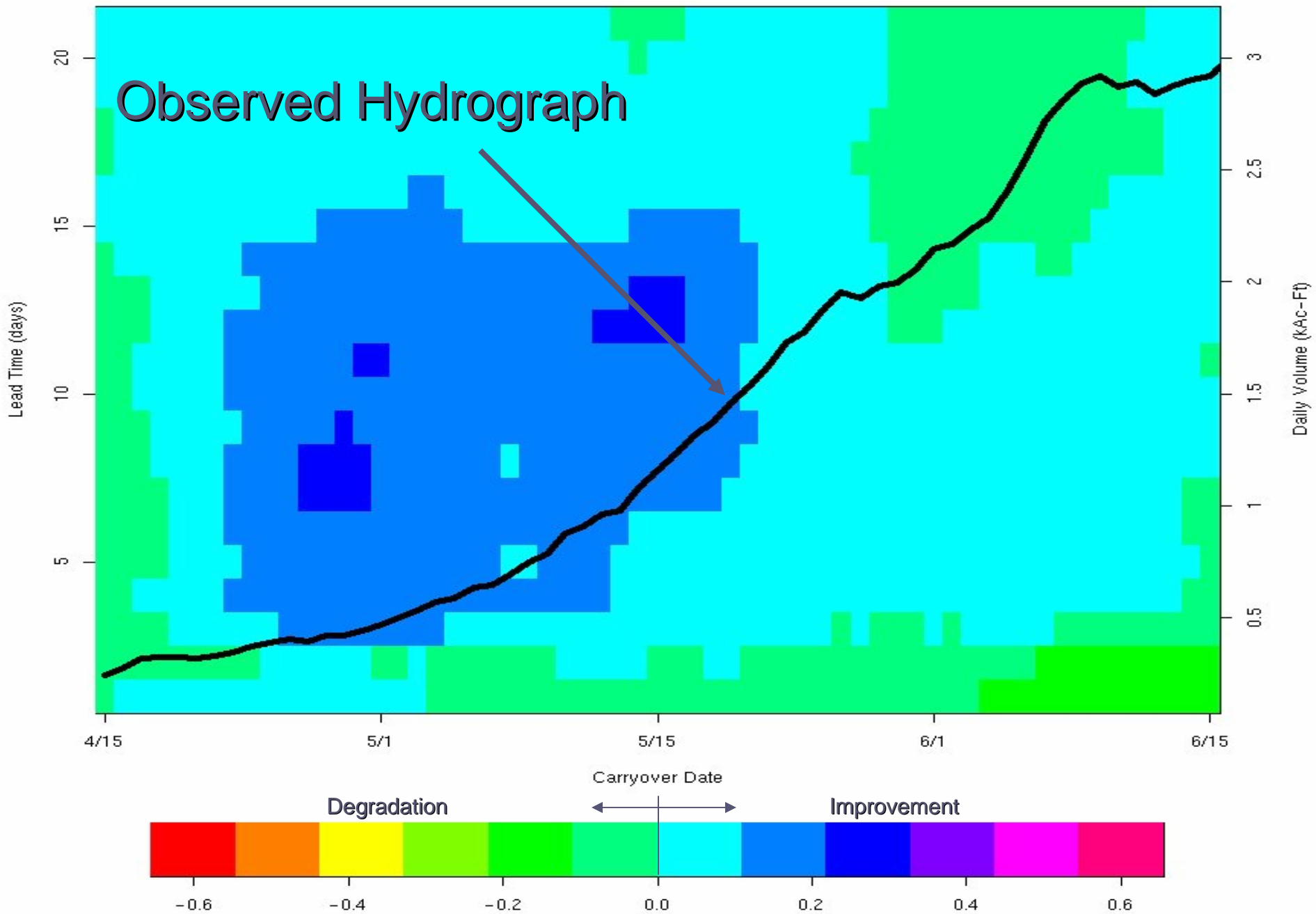
MRF derived MAT/MAPs related to the entire year of historical ensembles.

ESP peak flow



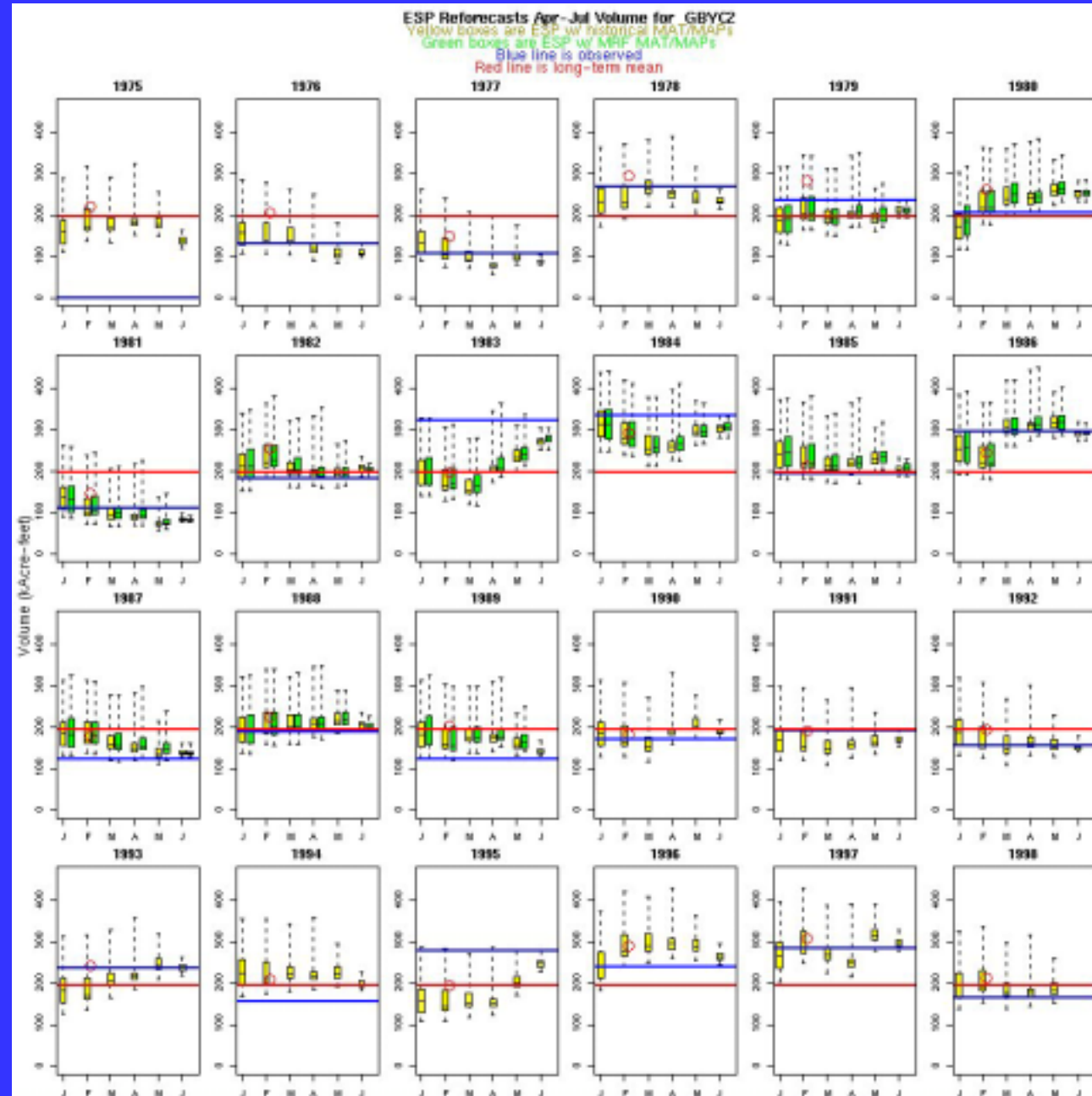
Peak flow forecasts shown as Probability Density Functions (PDFs). MRF shows higher probabilities in higher flows for two weeks.

RPSS for DIRC2



ESP volumes

Examine how forecasts in individual years are modified by changes to input MAT/MAPs



Future Plans

Use Statistical Weather/Climate Generator In Lieu of Historical Ensembles

Use Experimental Technique to Downscale CPC Forecasts/Apply to Historical and WX/Generator – nino 3.4 composites

Use WRF Forecasts for short term 0-2 days and blend into MRF(3-14) and Historical (>14)

More r(v)igorous verification