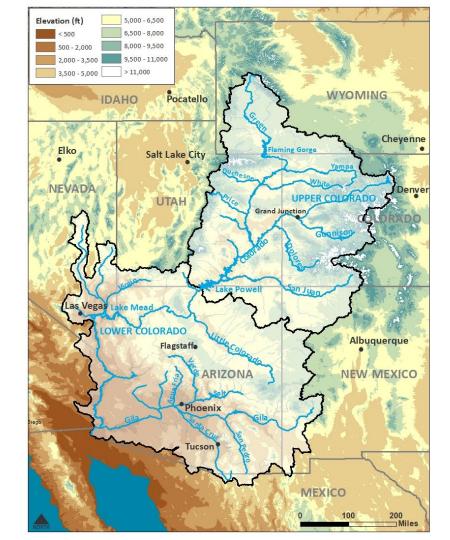
Colorado River Basin Water Supply Briefing

February 7, 2023

Cody Moser - Hydrologist



Colorado Basin River Forecast Center National Weather Service



Presentation Overview

Precipitation Review

Soil Moisture Conditions

Current Snowpack Conditions

2023 Water Supply Forecasts

February Water Supply Forecast Error

Recent/Upcoming Weather

Contacts & Questions

CBRFC Web Page Demo

Webinar recording & slides will be made available on CBRFC webpage

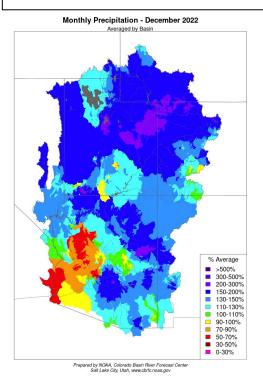
CBRFC staff monitoring chat/questions during webinar

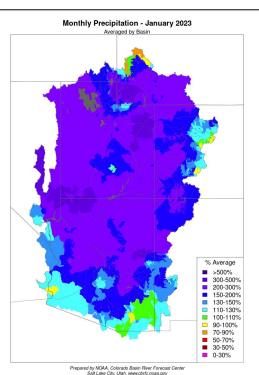
December & January Precipitation Summary

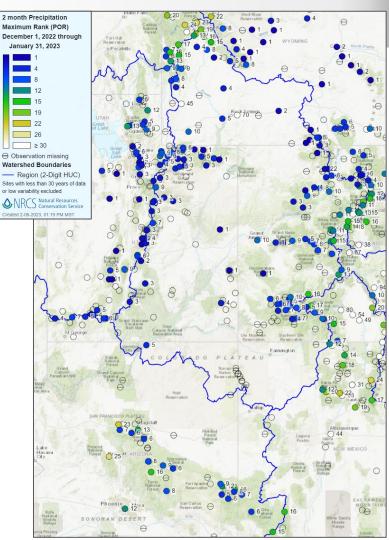
Well above average December and January precipitation across the region.

UT and AZ have generally received more precipitation than WY and CO.

Near/record wet December-January period across central UT and northwest WY.

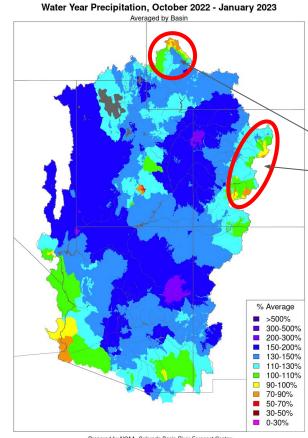






Water Year 2023 (October - January) Precipitation

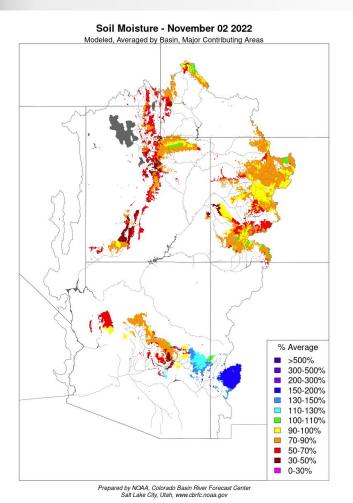
Water Year 2023 CBRFC Precipitation (Significant Runoff Areas)			
Percent of 1991-2020 Average			
UPPER COLOR/	ADO RIVEI	R BASIN	
	Dec	<u>Jan</u>	Oct-Jan
Above Lake Powell	152	170	123
Green R	iver Basin		
Above Fontenelle	140	92	97
Above Flaming Gorge	156	120	110
Yampa/White	179	180	1 <mark>4</mark> 0
Duchesne	178	219	132
Price/San Rafael/Dirty Devil	181	206	141
Colorado Riv	er Headwa	aters	
Above Kremmling	150	124	106
Eagle	146	109	110
Roaring Fork	142	143	117
Above Cameo	148	135	114
Southwe	st Colorad	0	
Gunnison	136	169	119
Dolores	152	198	132
San Juan	119	192	119
LOWER COLORADO RIVER BASIN			
Virgin	113	291	167
Little Colorado	121	218	148
Verde	114	235	153
Salt	126	188	137
Upper Gila	140	151	138



Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov Water year precipitation can be used as a good indicator of early season water supply conditions, and is near to above average across most of the region.

The northern Upper Green River Basin above Fontenelle Reservoir and areas along the Continental Divide have received less precipitation compared to surrounding basins.

Fall 2022 Model Soil Moisture Conditions



The map shows the model soil moisture conditions from the <u>lower soil zone in CBRFC's</u> <u>hydrologic model</u>. Modeled lower zone soil water content is a result of past hydrologic conditions including but not limited to: _previous year(s) runoff _summer/fall precipitation

Soil moisture content is adjusted every fall during a dry period after irrigation season has ended and before winter. Forecasters use the following data to make adjustments:

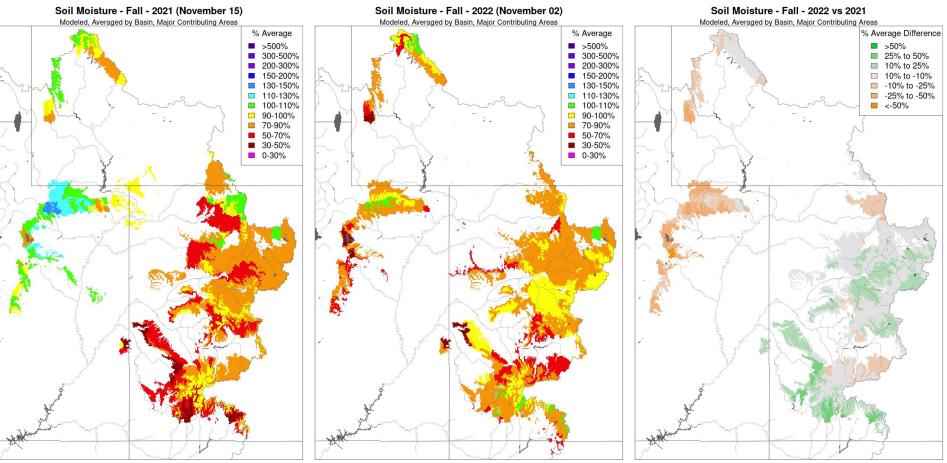
- -Early November streamflow observations (baseflow)
- -Reservoir inflows
- -July-October precipitation
- -Past season(s) runoff conditions

CBRFC model soil moisture conditions are near to below normal across many of the major runoff producing areas.

Generally better conditions in the Colorado River Basin compared to the Great Basin.

The timing and magnitude of spring runoff is ultimately a result of SWE conditions, spring weather, and antecedent soil moisture conditions.

UCRB Fall Model Soil Moisture Conditions: 2021 vs. 2022



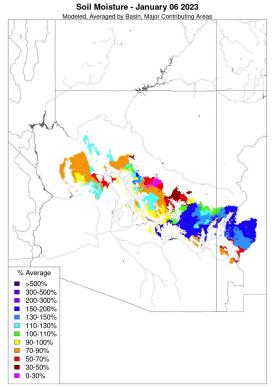
Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

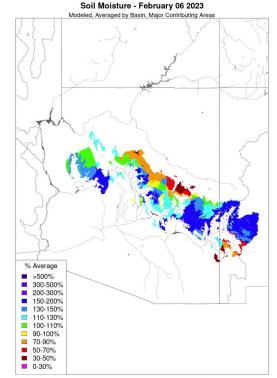
Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

Lower Colorado River Basin Soil Moisture Conditions

LCRB model soil moisture conditions improved during January as a result of above average precipitation, and early February model soil moisture is above average in most basins.



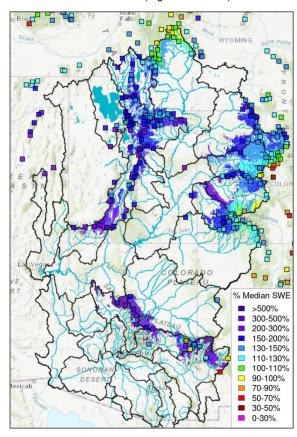


Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrlc.noaa.gov

Water Year 2023 Snowpack Conditions

February 1 SWE Conditions NRCS SNOTEL Observed (Squares)

CBRFC Model (Significant Areas)



SWE = Snow Water Equivalent The amount water in snow.

Water Year 2023 CBRFC Model SWE (Significant Runoff Areas) Percent of 1991-2020 Median			
	DO RIVEI	R BASIN	
	Jan1	Feb1	Change
Above Lake Powell	126	144	18
Green R	iver Basin		
Above Fontenelle	112	106	-6
Above Flaming Gorge	127	126	-1
Yampa/White	160	163	3
Duchesne	146	174	28
Price/San Rafael/Dirty Devil	164	193	29
Colorado Riv	er Headwa	aters	
Above Kremmling	122	126	4
Eagle	118	120	2
Roaring Fork	114	126	12
Above Cameo	122	129	7
Southwes	t Colorad	0	
Gunnison	117	137	20
Dolores	122	165	43
San Juan	87	124	37
LOWER COLORADO RIVER BASIN			
Virgin	121	263	142
Little Colorado	49	269	220
Verde	108	541	433
Salt	52	168	116
Upper Gila	28	215	187

Early February SWE conditions are above normal across the Colorado River Basin.

Less Dec/Jan precip across far northern basins.

More precipitation across UT in January.

Similar Jan1/Feb1 percent of normal SWE conditions.

SWE conditions improved during January.

More variable - percentages computed using smaller values.

Exceeding expectations because La Niña conditions usually result in drier than average winter weather across the SW US.

Feb 1 CBRFC Model SWE Conditions - Snow Distribution (High Elevation vs. Low Elevation)

All Runoff Areas

Significant Runoff Areas

Boise Boise WYOMING WYOMING % Median SWE >500% Albuquerque 300-500% 200-300% NEW MEXIC 150-200% 130-150% 110-130% 100-110% 90-100% 70-90% 50-70% El Paso o Juárez 30-50% 0-30%

Snow Distribution Implications

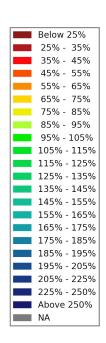
-melt timing

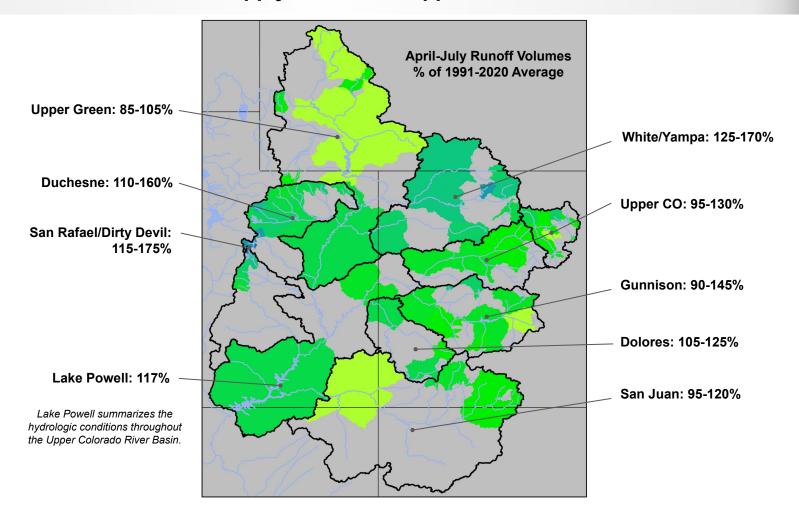
-high elevation reservoir inflows

-peak flows

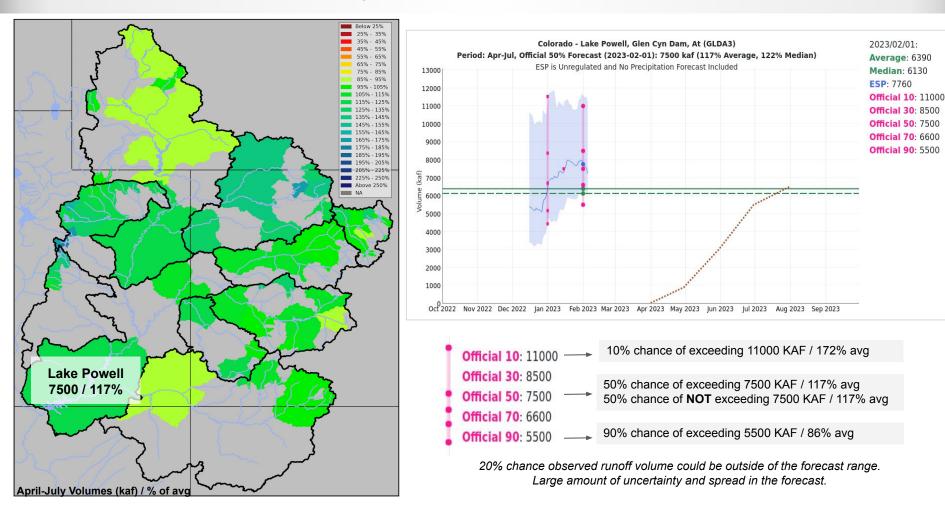
-impact on AMJJ runoff volumes

Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Upper Colorado

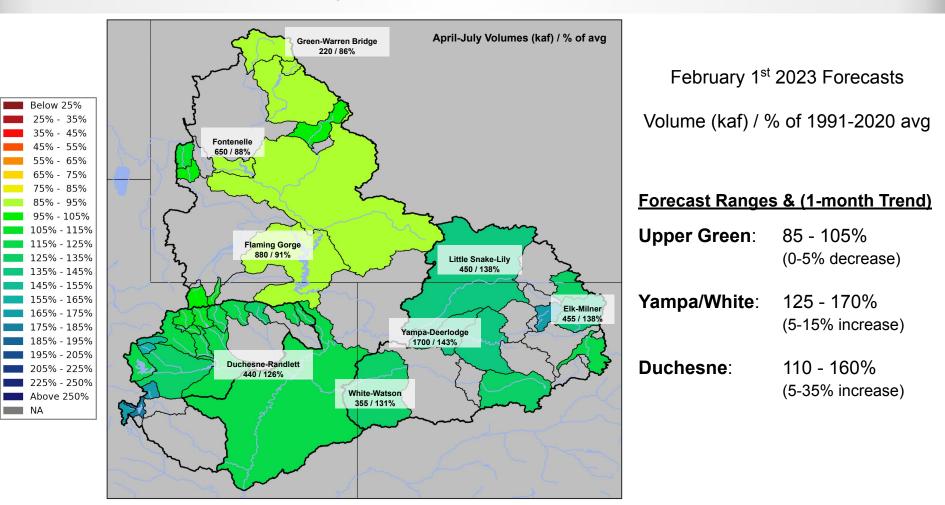




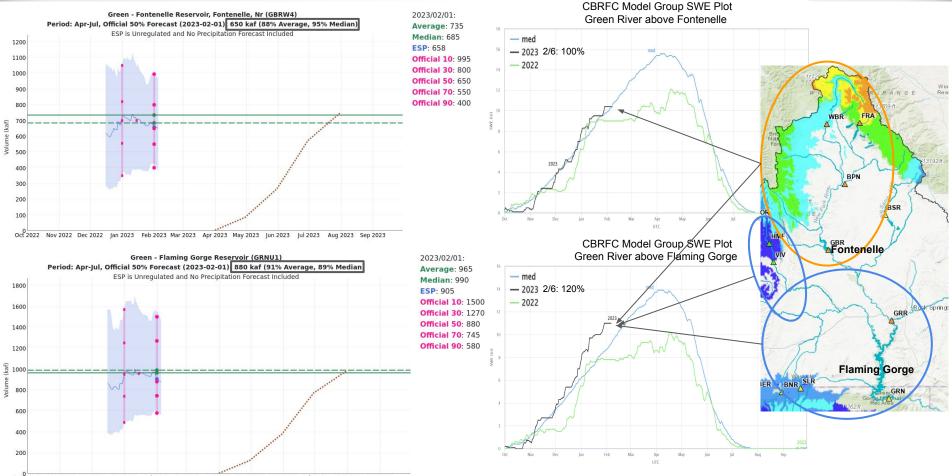
Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Upper Colorado (Lake Powell)



Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Green, Yampa, White, Duchesne

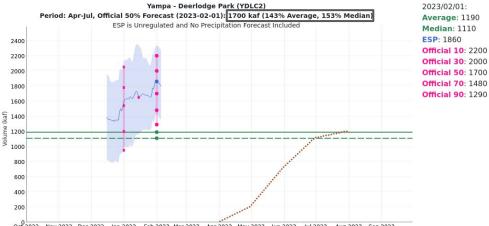


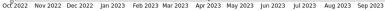
Upper Green Water Supply Forecasts & Snow Conditions

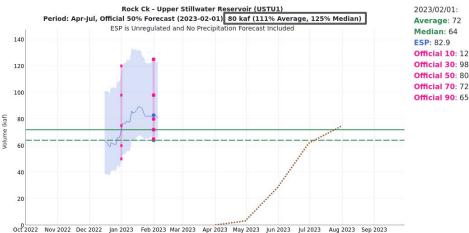


Oct 2022 Nov 2022 Dec 2022 Jan 2023 Feb 2023 Mar 2023 Apr 2023 May 2023 Jun 2023 Jul 2023 Aug 2023 Sep 2023

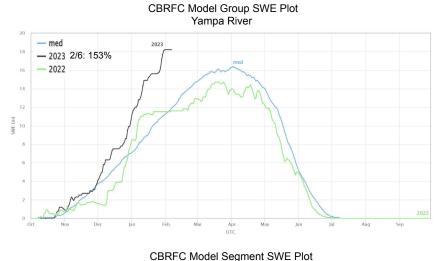
Yampa & Duchesne Water Supply Forecasts & Snow Conditions







Average: 72 Median: 64 ESP: 82.9 Official 10: 125 Official 30: 98 Official 50: 80 Official 70: 72



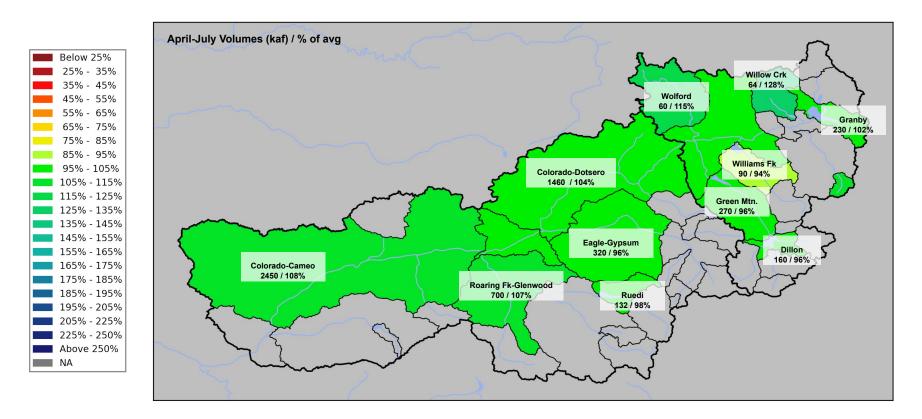
Upper Stillwater Reservoir



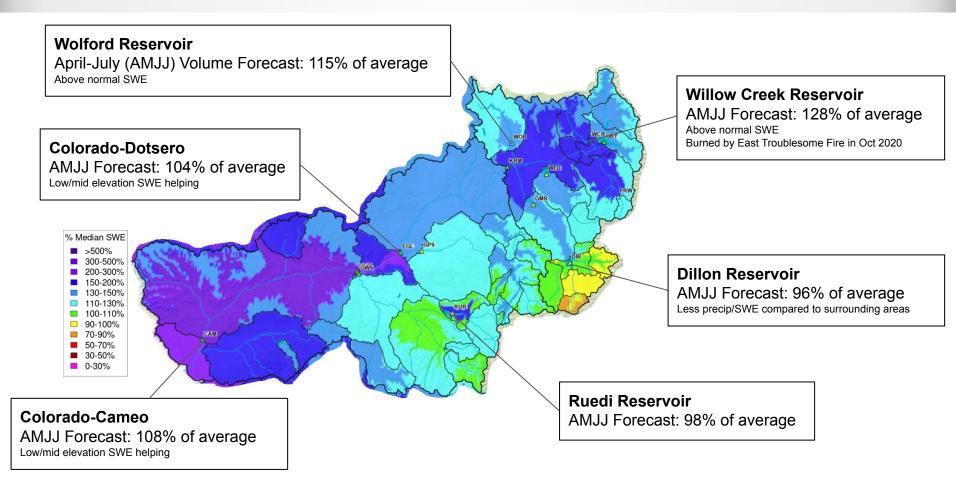
Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Upper Colorado River Mainstem

Forecast Ranges & (1-month Trend):

Granby to Kremmling: 95 - 130% of average (0-10% increase) Kremmling to Cameo: 95 - 110% of average (0-10% increase)



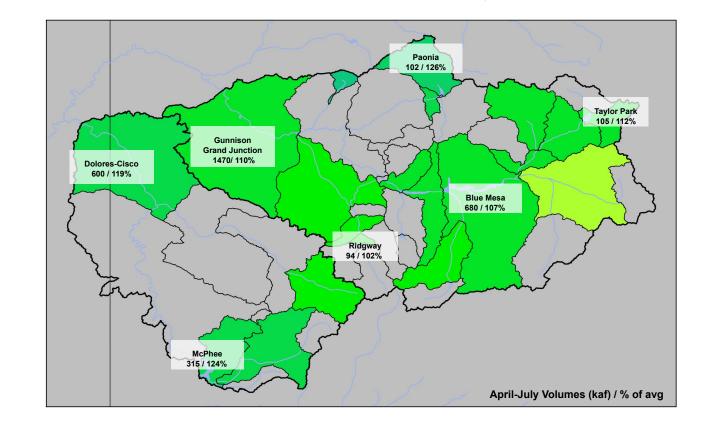
Upper Colorado Mainstem Water Supply Forecasts & Model Snow Conditions

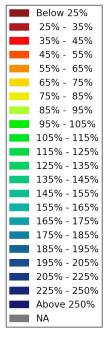


Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Gunnison, Dolores

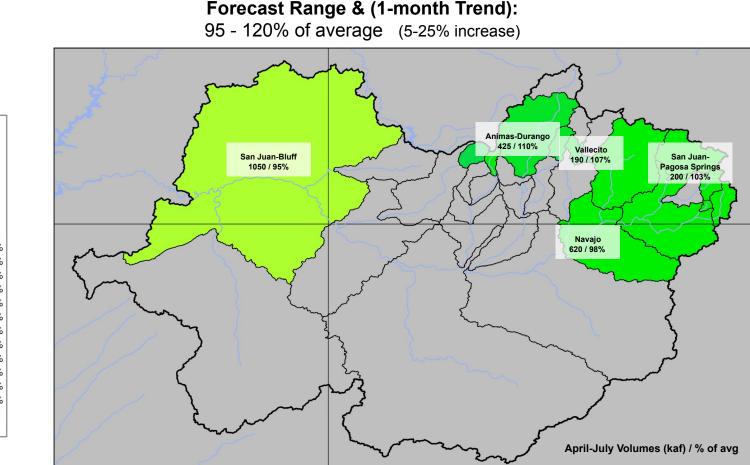
Forecast Ranges & (1-month Trend):

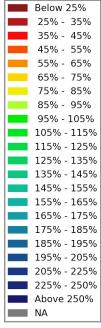
Gunnison: 90 - 145% of average (0-35% increase) Dolores: 105 - 125% of average (5-20% increase)



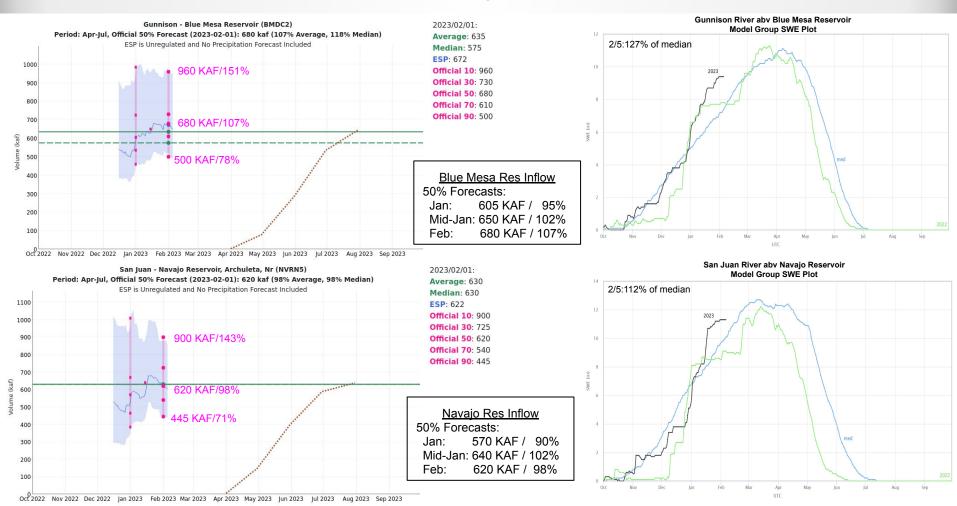


Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: San Juan

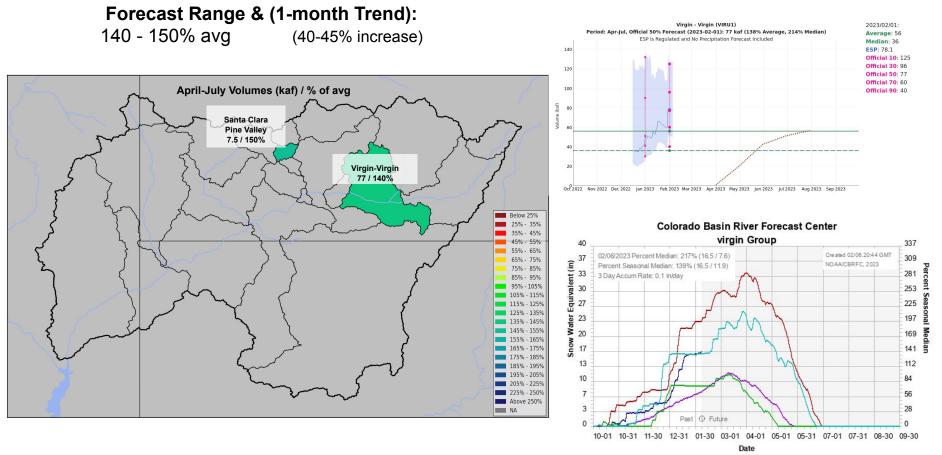




Southwest Colorado Water Supply Forecasts & Snow Conditions

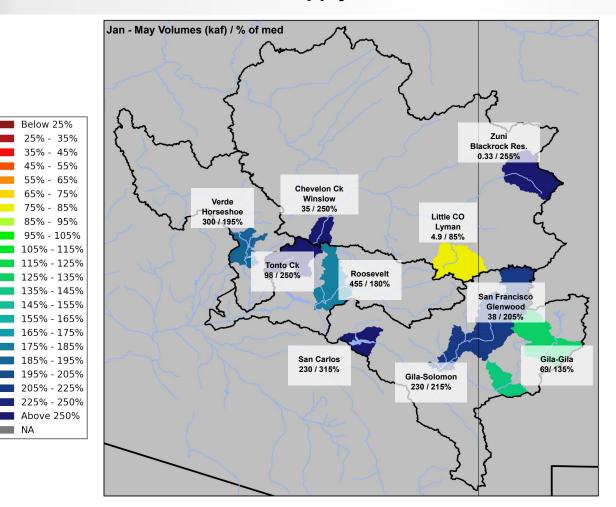


Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Virgin River Basin



Median 1991-2020 - 2023 - 2022 - 2005 - 2011 -

Feb 1st Water Supply Forecasts: Lower Colorado River Basin



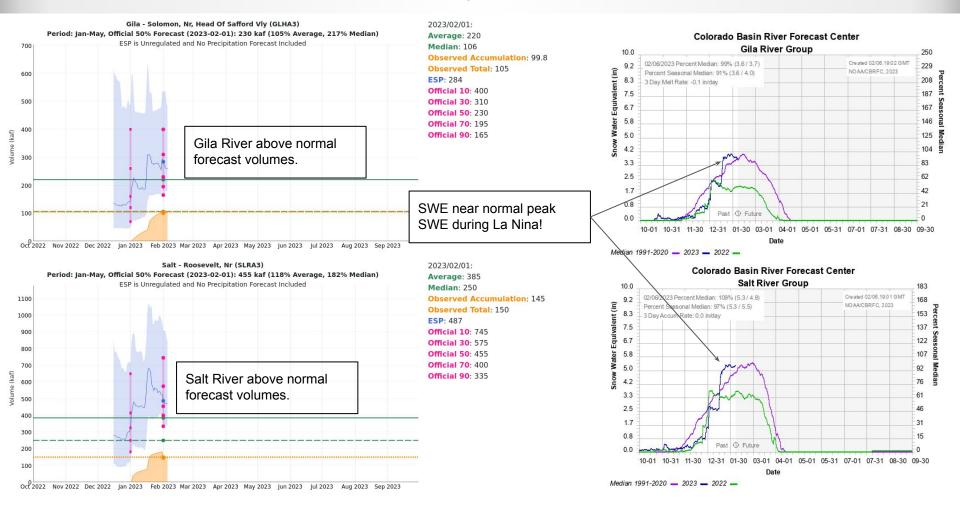
January - May Forecast Period % of 1991-2020 Median

Forecast Ranges

Little Colorado:	85% - 255%
Upper Gila:	135% - 315%
Salt:	180% - 250%
Verde:	195%

January Obs Streamflow Summary Little Colorado – **329% Normal** Upper Gila – **521% Normal** Salt – **1,160% Normal** Verde – **450% Normal**

Lower Colorado Water Supply Forecasts & Snow Conditions

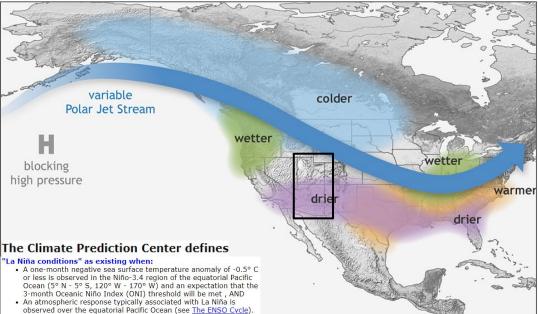


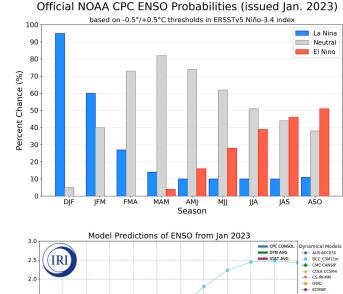
EL NIÑO/SOUTHERN OSCILLATION (ENSO) DIAGNOSTIC DISCUSSION issued by CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER/NCEP/NWS 12 January 2023

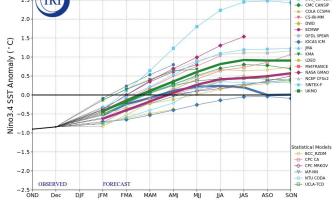
El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO) Status

- La Niña Advisory
 - Increased chances of drier winter weather in Arizona/LCRB
 - Much weaker correlation/winter weather signal elsewhere in basin
 - A transition from La Niña to ENSO-neutral is anticipated during Feb-Apr
 - ~80% chance of ENSO-neutral in Mar-May 2023

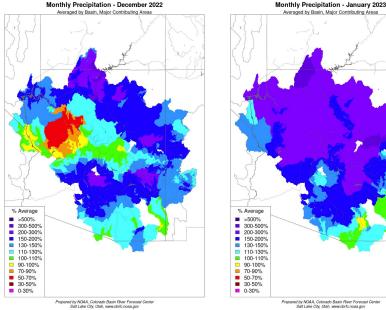
La Niña - Typical Winter Weather Pattern







LCRB Winter (December/January) Precipitation Summary



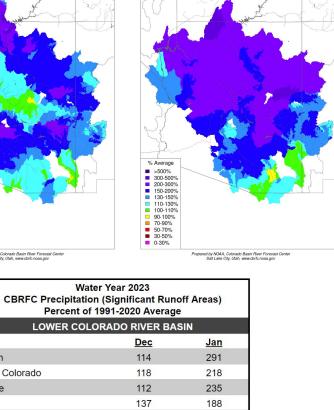
Virgin

Verde

Upper Gila

Salt

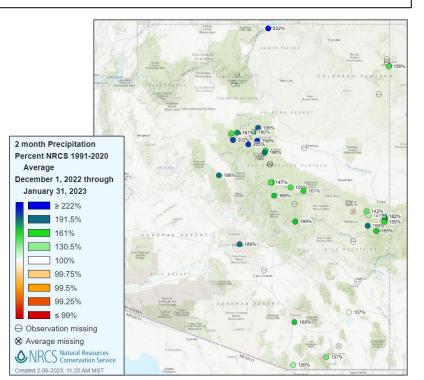
Little Colorado



151

151

December/January precipitation across the LCRB/AZ was above average, which is atypical given the current La Niña phase typically results in below average winter precipitation across the southwest US.

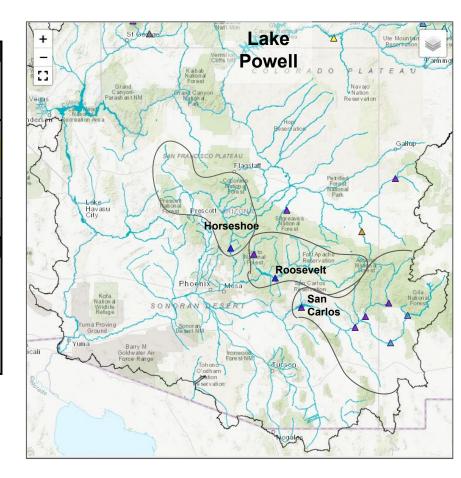


CPC ENSO Data Link

	Lower Colorado Basin		
	January-May Observed Volume (%Median)		
	Verde	Salt	Upper Gila
La Niña Period	Horseshoe Res.	Roosevelt Res.	San Carlos Res.
Sep-Jan 2017	34%	18%	28%
Jul-Jan 2016 - Wet La Niña	235%	197%	327%
Jun-Jan 2011	45%	47%	45%
May-Jan 2010	81%	31%	32%
July 2020-current			
Jan-May 2023 Forecast	300 kaf / 194%	455 kaf / 182%	230 kaf / 315%
	Upper Colorado Basin - Comparable Volumes		
	WY23 April-July Forecast Volume (%Average)		
	Green Mtn Res.	Duchesne-Randlett	Lake Granby
	270 kaf / 96% avg	440 kaf / 126% avg	230 kaf / 102% avg
	McPhee Res.	Animas-Durango	East-Almont
	315 kaf / 124%	425 kaf / 110%	200 kaf / 113%

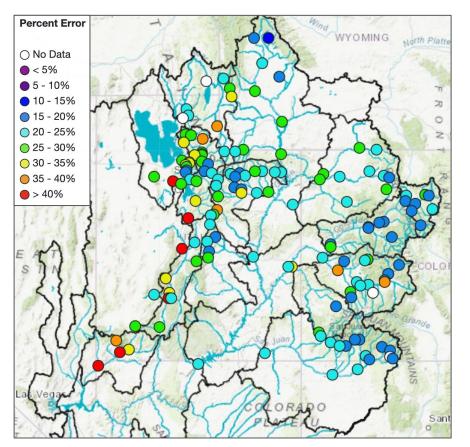


During the 2016-17 winter, the La Niña was anything but strong. It was one of the weakest La Niña qualifying events on record. And it didn't even last the entire winter, so it was one of the shortest too! Sea surface temperatures were near average, falling short of the La Niña threshold starting in January and were slightly above average by February.



Historical Forecast Verification

February Forecast Error: April-July Volume



Location	Avg Feb Forecast Error
Green River - Warren Bridge	15%
Fontenelle Reservoir	25%
Yampa River - Deerlodge	25%
Blue River - Dillon Reservoir	17%
Colorado River - Cameo	19%
Blue Mesa Reservoir (Gunnison)	20%
McPhee Reservoir (Dolores)	25%
Navajo Reservoir (San Juan)	22%
Lake Powell	24%
Virgin River at Virgin	34%

Error tends to decrease each month into the spring

Where Forecasts are Better:

-Headwaters

-Primarily snow melt basins

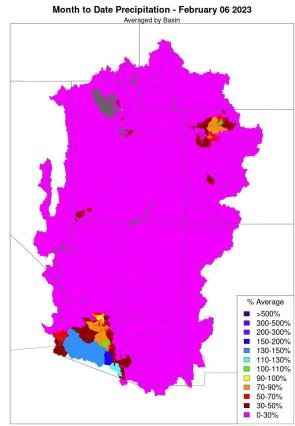
-Known diversions / demands

Where Forecasts are Worse:

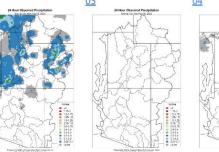
Lower elevations (rain or early melt)
Downstream of diversions / irrigation
Little is known about diversions / demands

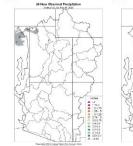
Future weather is the primary source of early season water supply forecast error/uncertainty.

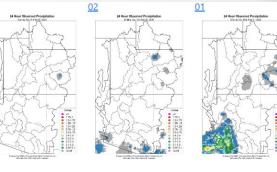
February 2022 Month-To-Date: Precipitation & Model SWE



Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov



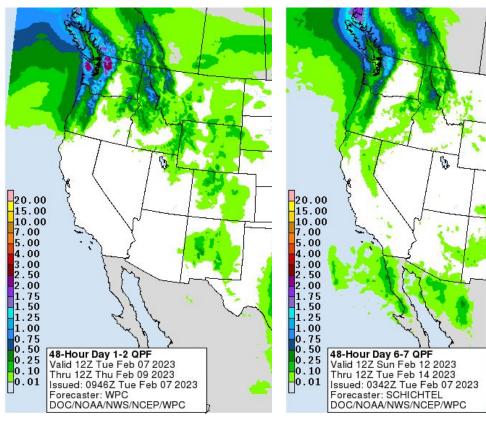




Water Year 2023 CBRFC Model SWE (Significant Runoff Areas) Percent of 1991-2020 Median			
UPPER COLO	RADO RIV	/ER BASIN	
	Feb1	Feb6	Change
Above Lake Powell	144	138	-6
Green	River Ba	sin	
Above Fontenelle	106	101	-5
Above Flaming Gorge	126	120	-6
Yampa/White	163	156	-7
Duchesne	174	169	-5
Price/San Rafael/Dirty Devil	193	189	-4
Colorado F	River Head	dwaters	
Above Kremmling	126	120	-6
Eagle	120	116	-4
Roaring Fork	126	121	-5
Above Cameo	129	123	-6
Southw	vest Color	ado	
Gunnison	137	132	-5
Dolores	165	156	-9
San Juan	124	118	-6
LOWER COLORADO RIVER BASIN			
Virgin	263	245	-18
Little Colorado	269	243	-26
Verde	541	459	-82
Salt	168	133	-35
Upper Gila	215	150	-65

Mostly dry/less active early February weather across the region.

Upcoming Weather: WPC February 7-14 Precipitation Outlook

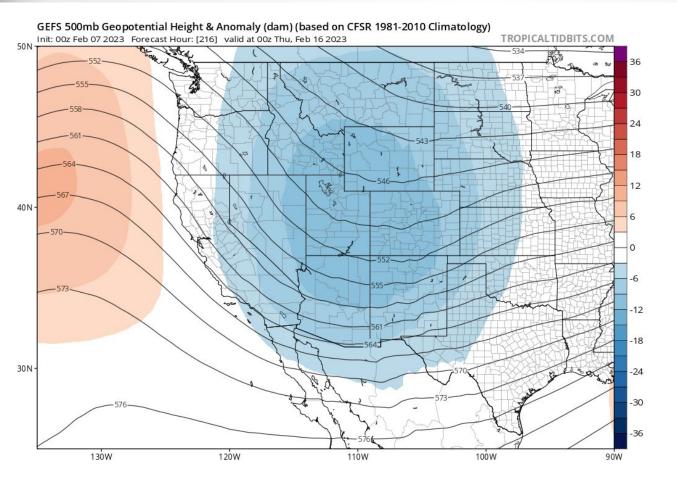


- A glancing trough will bring precipitation to northern and eastern portions of the UC on Wednesday
 - Highest precipitation above 0.25" for high terrain along the Continental Divide
- A ridge of high pressure will bring quiet weather and warming temperatures Thursday through Saturday
- On Sunday, trough of low pressure begins to form and moves towards Arizona
 - This will bring below average temperatures, and chances of precipitation, though total precipitation looks to be low at this time

WPC QPF for days 1-2

WPC QPF for days 6-7

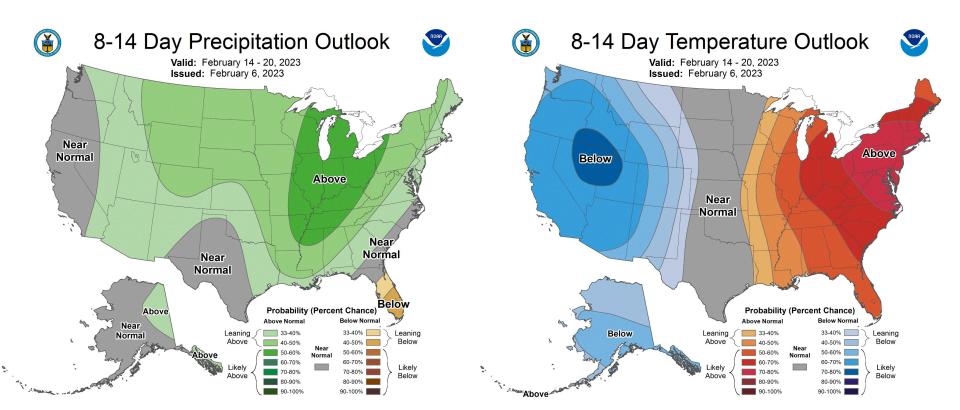
Upcoming Weather: Mid-February



- An eastern Pacific ridge and Western US troughing pattern will remain in place
- This setup will favor below normal temperatures
- Additionally, chances of precipitation remain, though as in the 7-day forecast, no single event should produce substantial precipitation.

Upcoming Weather: 8-14 Day Outlook (February 14-20)

Slightly elevated odds of above average precipitation. Elevated odds of below average temperatures across the entire region.



Summary

- Water year 2023 precipitation summary:
 - Mostly above average across the Colorado River Basin
 - UT and AZ have generally received more precipitation than WY and CO.
 - Near/record wet December-January period across central UT and northwest WY.
 - LCRB wetter than normal winter during La Niña unusual but not unheard of.
- CBRFC antecedent (Fall) model soil moisture conditions are near to below normal across many of the major runoff producing areas across the UCRB
 - LCRB mostly above average early February soil moisture conditions
- Current (Feb 6) CBRFC model SWE conditions are mostly above normal across the Colorado River Basin:
 - Upper Colorado: 100-190%
 - Lower Colorado: 135-460%
 - Colder than normal January weather -> more low/mid elevation snow than normal
- February 1 water supply forecasts (% of normal):
 - Upper Colorado: 85-175%
 - Lake Powell = 117%
 - Lower Colorado: 85-315%
- Weather outlook
 - Weather pattern is expected to become more active during the next 2 weeks
 - Below normal temperatures; but most likely drier than December and January

2023 Water Supply Webinar Schedule

*All Times Mountain Time (MT)

Colorado River Basin

Monday	Jan 9th	10 am
Tuesday	Feb 7 th	10 am
Tuesday	Mar 7 th	10 am
Friday	Apr 7 th	10 am
Friday	May 5 th	10 am

Utah/Great Basin

Monday	Jan 9th	11:30 am
Tuesday	Feb 7 th	11:30 am
Tuesday	Mar 7 th	11:30 am
Friday	Apr 7 th	11:30 am
Friday	May 5 th	11:30 am

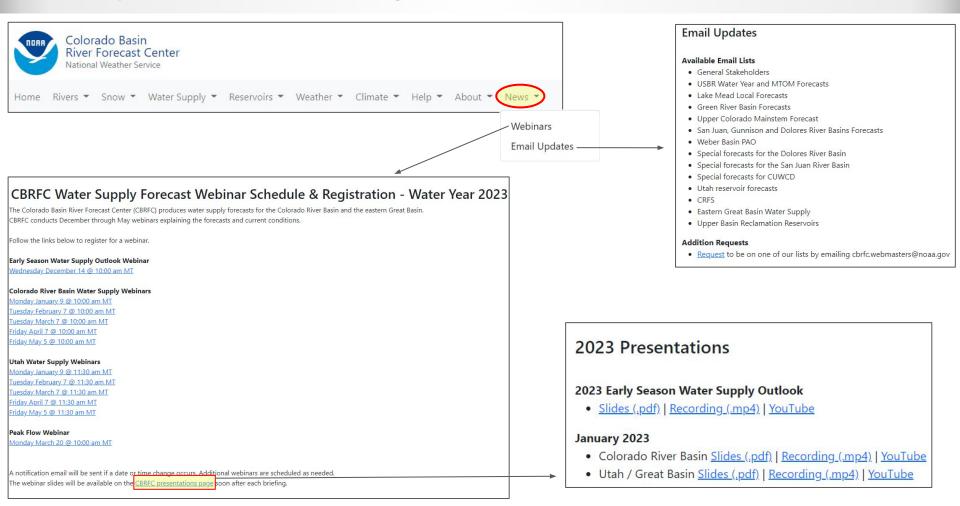
Peak flow forecast webinar Monday, March 20th, 10 am MT

Additional briefings scheduled as needed

Webinar schedule & registration information has been posted to the CBRFC web page

cbrfc.noaa.gov

CBRFC Webinar Registration / Presentations / Email List



Basin Focal Points (Forecasters)

Brenda Alcorn - Green, Duchesne, White/Yampa brenda.alcorn@noaa.gov

Ashley Nielson – Gunnison, San Juan, Dolores, Lake Powell <u>ashley.nielson@noaa.gov</u>

Cody Moser – Upper Colorado Mainstem cody.moser@noaa.gov

Patrick Kormos – Great Basin/Sevier patrick.kormos@noaa.gov

Trevor Grout - Virgin, Lower Colorado trevor.grout@noaa.gov

Tracy Cox - Hydrometeorologist tracy.cox@noaa.gov

Nanette Hosenfeld - Senior Hydrometeorologist nanette.hosenfeld@noaa.gov

Wolfgang Hanft - Hydrometeorologist wolfgang.hanft@noaa.gov

Michelle Stokes – Hydrologist In Charge michelle.stokes@noaa.gov

Paul Miller– Service Coordination Hydrologist paul.miller@noaa.gov

John Lhotak – Development and Operations Hydrologist john.lhotak@noaa.gov

CBRFC Webpage <u>cbrfc.noaa.gov</u>

CBRFC Operations cbrfc.operations@noaa.gov 801-524-4004

CBRFC Water Supply Presentations https://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/present/present.php

